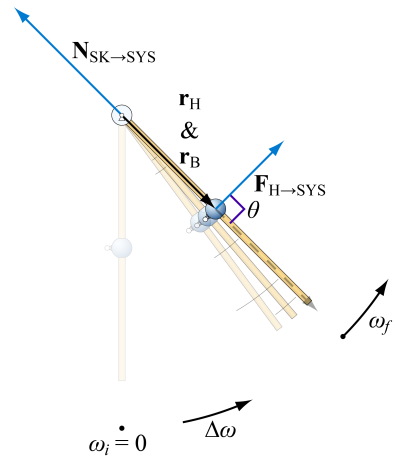
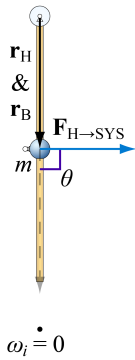
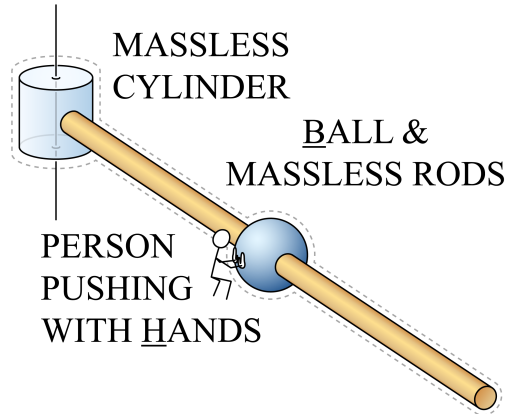


# Torque and rotational inertia

What affects the amount of angular acceleration I give a rigid object?

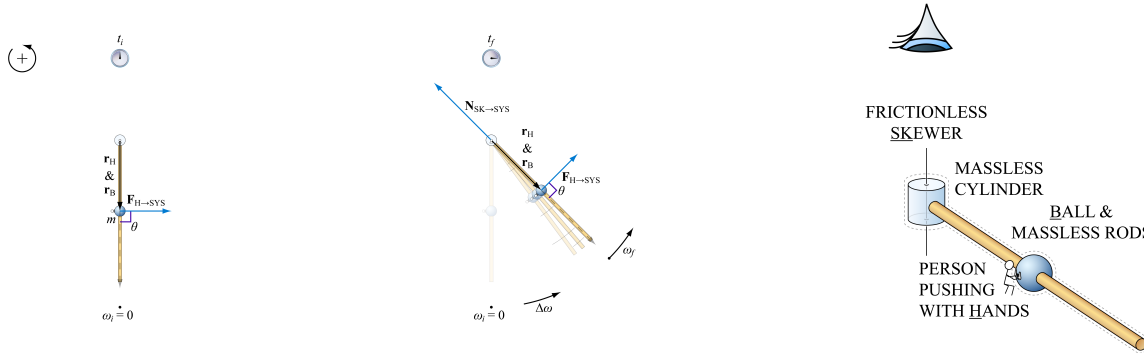


FRICTIONLESS  
SKEWER



# Torque and rotational inertia

What affects the amount of angular acceleration I give a rigid object?

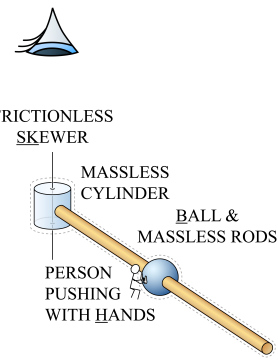
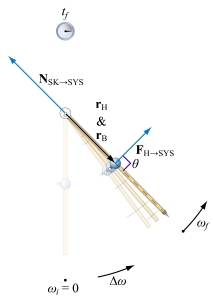
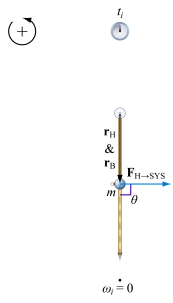


What can I do to give a rigid object a greater angular acceleration?

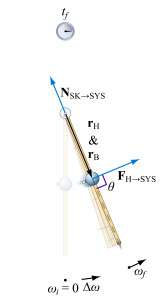
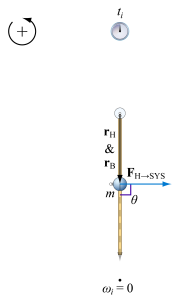
	$\uparrow r \Rightarrow \uparrow \alpha$
	$\uparrow F \Rightarrow \uparrow \alpha$
	$\downarrow \perp \text{ity} \Rightarrow \downarrow \alpha$
	$\tau_F := \pm r_{\perp} F$ $:= \pm (r \sin \theta) F$

# Torque and rotational inertia

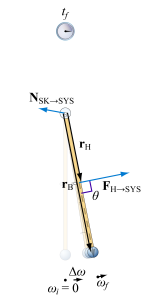
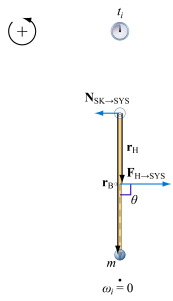
What affects the amount of angular acceleration I give a rigid object?



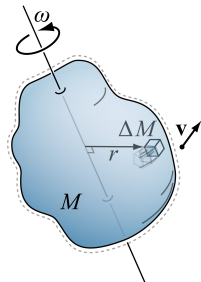
How can I change the properties of a rigid object to make the object more difficult to angularly accelerate?



$$\uparrow M \Rightarrow \downarrow \alpha$$



$$\uparrow r \Rightarrow \downarrow \alpha$$

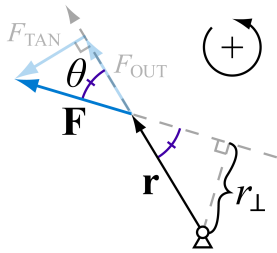
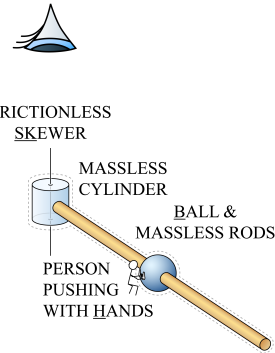
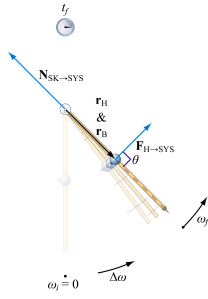
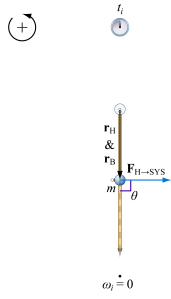


$$I_{\text{RIGID SET OF PARTICLES}} := \sum_i \Delta M_i r_i^2$$

$$I_{\text{RIGID}} = I_1 + I_2 + \dots$$

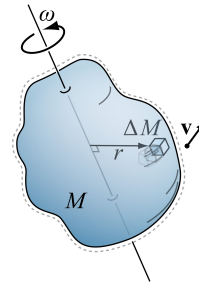
# Torque and rotational inertia

What affects the amount of angular acceleration I give a rigid object?



$$\tau_F := \pm r_{\perp} F$$

$$:= \pm (r \sin \theta) F$$



$$I_{\text{RIGID SET OF PARTICLES}} := \sum_i \Delta M_i r_i^2$$

$$I_{\text{RIGID}} = I_1 + I_2 + \dots$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\sum \tau}{I}$$